



# 8-1 Skills Practice

## Multiplying Monomials

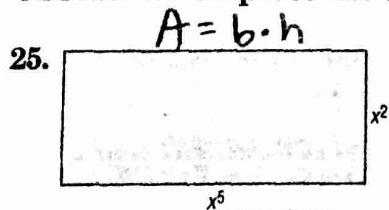
Determine whether each expression is a monomial. Write *yes* or *no*. Explain.

- 11 Yes - number
2.  $a - b$  No - subtracted
3.  $\frac{p^2}{q^2}$  No - division w/ variable denominator
4.  $y$  Yes - variable
5.  $j^3k$  Yes - product
6.  $2a + 3b$  No - addition

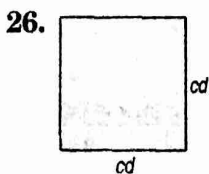
Simplify.

- |                          |             |                         |           |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 7. $a^2(a^3)(a^6)$       | $a^{11}$    | 8. $x(x^2)(x^7)$        | $x^{10}$  |
| 9. $(y^2z)(yz^2)$        | $y^3z^3$    | 10. $(l^2k^2)(l^3k)$    | $k^5l^5$  |
| 11. $(e^2f^4)(e^2f^2)$   | $e^4f^6$    | 12. $(cd^2)(c^3d^2)$    | $c^4d^4$  |
| 13. $(2x^2)(3x^5)$       | $6x^7$      | 14. $(5a^7)(4a^2)$      | $20a^9$   |
| 15. $(4xy^3)(3x^3y^5)$   | $12x^4y^8$  | 16. $(7a^5b^2)(a^2b^3)$ | $7a^7b^5$ |
| 17. $(-5m^3)(3m^8)$      | $-15m^{11}$ | 18. $(-2c^4d)(-4cd)$    | $8c^5d^2$ |
| 19. $(10^2)^3$           | $10^6$      | 20. $(p^3)^{12}$        | $p^{36}$  |
| 21. $(-6p)^2 - 6^2p^2 =$ | $36p^2$     | 22. $(-3y)^3$           | $-27y^3$  |
| 23. $(3pq^2)^2$          | $9p^2q^4$   | 24. $(2b^3c^4)^2$       | $4b^6c^8$ |

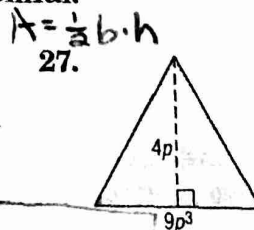
GEOMETRY Express the area of each figure as a monomial.



$(x^5)x^2 = X^7$  sq units  
OR  $X^7$  units<sup>2</sup>



$(cd)(cd) = C^2d^2$  sq units  
OR  $C^2d^2$  units<sup>2</sup>



$\frac{1}{2}(9p^3)(4p)$   
 $18p^4$  sq units  
OR  $18p^4$  units<sup>2</sup>

# 8-1 Practice

## Multiplying Monomials

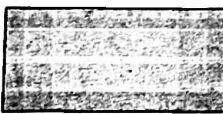


Determine whether each expression is a monomial. Write *yes* or *no*. Explain.

- $\frac{21a^2}{7b}$  no, variable in denominator cannot have quotient
- $\frac{b^3c^2}{2}$  yes, could be written as product  $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}b^3c^2$

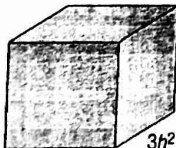
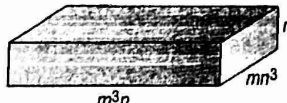

Simplify.

- $(-5x^2y)(3x^4)$   $-15x^6y$
- $(3cd^4)(-2c^2)$   $-6c^3d^4$
- $(-15xy^4)(-\frac{1}{3}xy^3)$   $5x^2y^7$
- $(2ab^2c^2)(4a^3b^2c^2)$   $8a^4b^4c^4$
- $(4g^3h)(-2g^5)$   $-8g^8h$
- $(-xy)^3(xz)$   $(-1)^3x^3y^3xz \rightarrow -x^4y^3z$
- $(-18m^2n)^2(-\frac{1}{6}mn^2)$   $(-18)^2m^4n^2 \cdot -\frac{1}{6}mn^2 = -54m^5n^4$
- $(0.2a^2b^3)^2$   $0.04a^4b^6$
- $(\frac{2}{3}p)^2$   $\frac{4}{9}p^2$
- $(\frac{1}{4}cd^3)^2$   $\frac{1}{16}c^2d^6$
- $(0.4k^3)^3$   $0.064k^9$
- $[(4^2)^2]^2$   $4^8$  or  $65,536$

GEOMETRY Express the area of each figure as a monomial.

-   $bh$   
 $18a^3b^6 \text{ units}^2$
-   $\pi r^2$   
 $(25x^6)\pi \text{ units}^2$
-   $\frac{1}{2}bh$   
 $\frac{1}{2}(24a^3c^4)$   
 $12a^3c^4 \text{ units}^2$

GEOMETRY Express the volume of each solid as a monomial.

-   $lwh$   
 $27h^6 \text{ units}^3$
-   $m^4n^5 \text{ units}^3$
-   $\pi r^2h$   
 $(3g)^2 = 9g^2$   
 $(63g^4)\pi \text{ units}^3$

21. **COUNTING** A panel of four light switches can be set in  $2^4$  ways. A panel of five light switches can set in twice this many ways. In how many ways can five light switches be set?

$2^4 = 16$   $2^5$  or  $32$  ways

22. **HOBBIES** Tawa wants to increase her rock collection by a power of three this year and then increase it again by a power of two next year. If she has 2 rocks now, how many rocks will she have after the second year?

$2^3 = 8$   $8^2 = 64$   $64$  rocks